

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1880.

The Gey puzzle is nowhere beside the West Point intricacy.

The House is getting along with business very rapidly, and there is now some prospect of an adjournment by the first of June.

The Blaine ticket had no opposition in Carson yesterday. D. A. Bender, H. S. Mason, Augustus Lewis and Tremore Coffin were elected delegates to the State Convention.

Cold weather and heavy soil have prevented seeding in most parts of the northwest, and farmers are much behind with Spring work. This seems particularly the case in Minnesota. Reports are conflicting about Winter wheat. In Illinois it seems to be in excellent condition, while in Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin it has been seriously damaged during the open Winter, and in some counties will be nearly failures.

The municipal election took place in Austin on Monday resulting as follows: Mayor, Albert Steinbach; Aldermen of the First Ward, J. S. Hammond, M. Finnegan and T. L. Brennan; Aldermen of the Second Ward, J. S. Barnard, Charles Lund and J. E. Farrell. The contest being for City Marshal, who is elected by the Board, John Bicknell the present incumbent, gets four out of the six Aldermen, giving him a sure thing for re-election.

The English people expect from Gladstone's Government a policy of sober, practical reform, such as will present the greatest contrast, by its plainness, industry and justice to the policy of the administration which the country has just consigned to the limbo of political failures. At Gladstone's age he would hardly have chosen to combine two such arduous offices as Prime Minister and Chancellor of the Exchequer without the hope of being able to render the country service in each capacity.

The House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures held another meeting Monday, and gave a hearing to Senator Hill, of Colorado, who urged the claims of Denver as a fit and suitable place for the establishment of a Mint, on account of the abundant production in that State of the precious metals, the cheapness of coal, labor and other ingredients in the coinage of the metals. Hill stated further, that in the smelting and assay works in Denver upwards of forty tons of sulphuric acid—an important essential in the coinage of money—was wasted daily, which could be utilized if a Mint were located there.

Hon. John F. Swift has arrived in Washington from California. He called upon President Hayes Monday morning with Senator Booth, and in the course of a pleasant fifteen minutes' conversation, the President expressed himself warmly in sympathy with the people of the Pacific Coast in regard to the evils of Chinese immigration, and earnestly desirous of a modification of the Burlingame treaty to restrict it. Mr. Swift subsequently paid his respects to Secretary Evarts, and also made the acquaintance of his colleague, Mr. Tresscott. Minister Angell has not yet returned from Michigan, but is expected daily, and upon his arrival the necessary instructions for the work of the Commission will be promptly completed.

The Carson Mint will not be removed if Congressman Duggett can prevent it. He appeared before the House Committee the other day and strenuously opposed the proposition of dismantling the Mint and removing the machinery to some point in the Mississippi Valley. He admitted, however, that, owing to the excessive charges of the express companies for the transportation of silver coin, the products of the mines of Nevada were shipped in bullion to the San Francisco Mint and there coined and the coin shipped to Washington and New York cheaper than from Carson City, though Carson is three hundred miles nearer Washington and New York than is San Francisco. This was the only reason he could give for the failure of the Government to obtain a sufficient supply of bullion at the Carson Mint to keep it running twelve months of the year, instead of three months.

## Kearney's New York Friends.

John Swinton, in a letter to the Irish World, proposes that a great meeting be held to express sympathy with Denis Kearney, "sent to prison through a most shocking perversion of justice, and under circumstances of piratical cruelty." The editor replies that arrangements are now making to hold such a meeting, three gentlemen of the Irish World joining with Swinton in defraying the expenses of hiring the Cooper institute for the purpose.

## NEWS NOTES.

Bob Ingersoll wears diamond shirt studs.

Horseback riding is becoming fashionable in Boston.

Mr. Washburne is said to be the second choice of Iowa.

There are nearly a million volumes in the public libraries of Boston.

Postmaster-General Key says he is not a candidate for Vice President.

A leading New England journal says that section has room for 1,000,000 immigrants.

Senator Cameron has contracted for the erection of a handsome residence in Washington.

In proportion to its population the immigration is greater from Canada than that from Europe.

Joseph Cook, says a Western journal, has again opened his wide mouth and put his big foot into it.

Captain Howgate is building in Washington a wooden house for use in his proposed Polar expedition. The sides and windows are double.

As it is impossible, says the Boston Herald, for Massachusetts to be big physically, nothing is left her but to see that she is big morally and patriotically.

## Methods of Nihilism.

A St. Petersburg correspondent of the Herald on the 19th telegraphs as follows:

The trial of the Nihilists will begin in about three weeks. Fifteen accused persons will appear before the military tribunal, over which General Leitch presides. Among them are Michaeloff, the coachman of Mesentzoff's murderer, and Dr. Weimar, who owned the horse and furnished the pistol used by Solovieff in the attempted assassination of the Emperor last year. Several of these men will probably be sentenced to death. Stress is laid on the presence of the Nihilist Lavrov in Paris. It is asserted that this man, who writes for La Justice, the radical organ of M. Clemenceau, is in constant relations, if not with the political prisoners at least with their families, and that he makes common cause with the French Communists. The Russian government is said to be growing daily more offended at the hospitality extended in France to these militant Nihilists. Paris is generally regarded in St. Petersburg as the center of their operations. On the demand of the Russian government Switzerland has just adopted a measure to prevent the Nihilists from extending their operations in that direction by a new regulation providing that every person who takes a passport in any of the twenty-two cantons shall be required to sign it. Should he sign a false name he will be regarded as having committed a forgery, and will be sent before the courts for trial.

## Recalled to Life.

A most remarkable case of resuscitation is reported to have taken place at Raab on the 14th inst. A Pesth dispatch of the 16th gives the following particulars:

Raab is about sixty-seven miles from this city and was formerly a fortified city. It is built on the river of the same name and is a place of some commercial importance. The story that comes from there reads more like one of the grim tales of the present day. A young convict named Takacs, who had murdered two women, was hanged. He was about twenty-three years of age. After the body was cut down and examined by the physicians life was pronounced extinct. As a scientific experiment the body was subjected to an electro-galvanic current, and after a few hours signs of life were perceptible. The resuscitated convict completely recovered the use of his senses, and his first actions were of violence toward the prison officials by whom he was surrounded. He soon began to suffer from congestion of the brain and became delirious during the night. He made repeated attacks upon the keepers and complained of violent pains, asking from time to time for milk and water. Death released him finally from his sufferings yesterday morning. The entire medical faculty of this city is considerably exercised over the case.

## The Great Eastern Steamship.

Now that it is known that the City of Rome steamship is to be within a few feet of the length of the Great Eastern, and to draw about as much water, the latter huge vessel is to be set at work again. For several years the Great Eastern has been lying idle at Milford Haven, in England, a constant expense to her proprietors, who, however, have been persuaded that it would prove less costly to let the ship lie at anchor than to send her to sea. This seems a sorry end for what was once accounted a masterpiece of marine architecture, and it is gratifying to learn that another effort—stimulated, perhaps, as we have hinted, by the building of other monster steamships—is in progress to make the Great Eastern commercially profitable. Her paddles are to be removed and screws are to be substituted, and the vessel is undergoing preparations to be put in the American cattle trade. She is also to be redecorated so far as her cabins are concerned, but we imagine that her most lucrative trade westward will consist of the transportation hither of emigrants. The demand for this kind of accommodation actually gives tokens that before long it will outstrip the supply; and the Great Eastern may come in at the nick of time, and drive a fine business in consequence. The ship can easily carry 3,000 persons at a trip, and it would not be at all surprising if, in a few months, she were called upon to do so.

For first-class Havana cigars, two for 25 cents, call at John F. Myers' drug store.

## "EARLY DAYS."

New Placerville Came to be Known as Hangtown.

(Mountain Democrat)

The sonbrigue of Hangtown, by which this city was at one time only known, and which is now not infrequently applied to it, had its origin in the hanging by a mob, in October, 1850, of a desperado named Richard Croone, but known to the community by the nom de plume of Irish Dick. The fellow was but a boy, hardly more than twenty-five years of age, and came across the plains from St. Louis, in one of the very first trains in the capacity of a cook. He was of small stature and more noticeable because of his outer attire, a wide and peculiar mouth, and large, protruding teeth. He took to gambling as a profession, and showed, by his skill and pluck, that he was not unsuited for a business which, especially at that time, was a most hazardous calling. Like his fellows, he never went unarmed, and like them would not hesitate to use his weapons when he thought it would aid his cause to do so. He soon made himself well known throughout the camps now included in El Dorado county, but honored "Hangtown" most generally with his presence. One night, while in the El Dorado saloon, where now stands the Cary House, he stabbed and almost instantly killed an emigrant just arrived, mistaking him, it is said, for some one else whom he designed murdering for some fancied wrong. The murdered man had a brother in town, who resolved that "Irish Dick" should die. In this determination the town concurred. Dick was taken from the place where the officers of the law had stationed him, into the town street, and tried by a jury of citizens, in the presence of excited thousands who had collected together from the surrounding country. The verdict was "guilty," and so soon as it was pronounced the condemned was pushed from the platform whereon he and the Sheriff and the extemporized Court had sat, and hurried along with the crowd towards the plaza where the preparations were made for his execution. At this point the mob was told that a sick man was in a house near by, and that the uproar seriously troubled him. The crowd at once returned down Main street, and up to what is now Coloma street, to a large oak, near where is now the Episcopal Church. Meanwhile, Sheriff "Bull" Rogers, and Alex. Hunter and John Clark, Constables of the town, fought desperately for the possession of the prisoner, but against the determined multitude they were powerless. Throughout the terrible ordeal Dick, with a physical courage truly wonderful, conducted himself with the utmost coolness. When placed under the tree, with the rope around his neck, he begged the privilege of climbing upon the tree and leaping from the fatal branch. But this was denied him, and he was jerked up by strong and willing hands, and was soon a dangling corpse.

## COAST ITEMS.

The Merced county grain crop promises to be very large.

A telegraph line between Corvallis and Portland was completed on the 24th.

The execution of Gaudin and Brown, the Mendocino outlaws, is stayed by appeals.

J. M. Ryan, of Montana, has purchased 25,000 sheep in California to be driven to that territory.

The grain fields of Butte county from which the water has needed do not appear to be much damaged.

William Carter, State Printer, died suddenly at Corvallis, Oregon, on the 25th, of neuralgia of the heart.

An agent for a Scotch company is bonding many of the valuable chrome mines in San Luis Obispo county.

A lad named John Mooney died at Portland, Oregon, on the 24th, from the effects of a shot accidentally self-inflicted.

The report that the dam at Benicia has given away is false. The dam and reservoir are all right, and water will be supplied within thirty days.

A German in the employ of showman was caught in the ropes of a balloon, at Dixon, Solano county, on the 25th, and taken up thirty feet before falling. He is not seriously injured.

J. E. White, of Weston, Oregon, while insane, set fire to his house recently, and was terribly burned. He afterwards went to a neighbor's house about daylight, and awakened him by his cries. He was burned almost to a crisp, and could be tracked through the snow by the blood. He died shortly afterward.

About one hundred feet of the Sutter county levee, in district No. 1, in front of the Humphrey ranch, six miles above the town of Nicolaus, gave way on the 22d, letting in the waters of the Feather river and doing great damage to the growing crops on the Humphrey, Wilson, Lyon and adjoining ranches. The levee was constructed last year.

RAILROAD MATTERS.—Mr. Bidwell informs us that the Truckee and Plumas railroad prospects are on a solid foundation, and that there is every reason to think that the road will be built. He has been investigating the matter to some extent, and his judgment is to be relied on. Our people should move in the matter, and give the project all the support in their power.—Plumas National.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS.—Isaac Barnett has received his Spring stock. The selection is superb; all latest fashions, novelties, fine fancy articles, dress goods, trimmings, can be seen and those who have taken a glance at the goods admit that no stock of goods has ever been brought to Reno so magnificent and abundant as this; even the ladies from the East, at present sojourning here admire the assortment and are astonished to find goods in prices very near comparing those from their own home. Give this establishment a call ladies, you will not regret it.

For a good place go to Goeggel & Co.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## THE CUSHMAN QUARTETTE

—WILL SING AT—

## REFORM CLUB HALL,

—ON—

Wednesday & Thursday Evenings,

For the benefit of

## THE W. T. U. OF RENO.

The proceeds to be given to

## THE LIBRARY FUND.

For Full Particulars See Small Bills.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

AT A MEETING OF THE WASHOE COUNTY Democratic Central Committee, held on Saturday, April 24th, 1880, the following resolutions were adopted:

ORDERED, That a Convention be held in the Court House, at Reno, on Saturday, May 14th, 1880, at one o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing seven delegates to represent Washoe county in the State Convention at Winnemucca, May 27th, 1880.

ORDERED, That the following shall be the apportionment of delegates to the County Convention, viz:

Reno	21	Glendale	3
Wadsworth	4	Frenchman	2
Washoe	2	Pyramid	2
Brown	3	Feavine	1
Verdi	2	Buffalo Meadows	1

ORDERED, That primaries be held in the several precincts on Saturday, May 9th, 1880, between the hours of 12 M. and 8 P. M., and that the Democrats of each precinct select their own inspectors and clerks of said primaries.

ORDERED, That the following shall be the test required of each voter at said primaries: "Will you support the nominees of the National Democratic Convention, to be held at Cincinnati, June 2d, 1880, and those of the Democratic State Convention, at Winnemucca, May 27th, 1880."

By order, L. J. FLINT, Chairman.  
J. M. FLANAGAN, Secretary.

## SPRING—1880.

## FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

Jas. W. Burnham & Co.,

Importers and Dealers in

Furniture and Carpets,

Upholstery Goods and

Bedding of All Kinds.

618 Market and 15 & 17 Post Sts.,

Opposite Masonic Temple,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Don't Fail to Call. Prices Low.  
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## MOUNT ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

—Conducted by—

## SISTERS OF ST. DOMINIC.

RENO, NEVADA.

The course of study embraces the various branches of a solid and useful education. The Scholastic Year is divided into two sessions of five months each, beginning respectively on the first Monday of February, and closing the last of June. Pupils are requested to enter at the opening of the session; but they will be received at any time during the year, their sessions dating from the time of entrance. Public examinations are held annually. Private Literary and Musical Recitals every month.

## TERMS.

Invariably Half Yearly in Advance.

Board and Tuition in English branches, Washing and Ironing, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Sew and Bedding, per term, including Tuition on Piano.....\$150  
Vocal Music in Class.....10  
Vocal Music, Private Lessons.....20  
Drawing.....30  
Painting.....30  
French and German, each.....15

No advance will be made by the Institution for Books, Stationery, Materials for Drawing, Fancy Work or other incidental expenses of the pupils, unless funds for the purpose are deposited with the Treasurer. This regulation is considered indispensable, and will be in all cases most strictly observed.

Each pupil must be provided with a Toilet Box and all necessary articles for the toilet.

No particular uniform is required, but each pupil must bring four changes of underwear, dark skirt for every day use, and one pair of blankets.

No deduction will be made for the withdrawal of pupils before the expiration of the term unless in case of sickness.

All letters sent or received are subject to the inspection of the Sister Superior.

All trunks, boxes or parcels must be prepaid.

For further particulars, address,  
SISTER SUPERIOR.

Reno, December 24th, 1879.

**\$300** A MONTH guaranteed. \$12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can do. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money.  
TRUM & CO., Augusta, Maine.

## MEYERSTEIN'S SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT.

# NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

TO MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS IN

## DRY GOODS

## FANCY GOODS,

## MEN & BOYS' CLOTHING,

## HATS, BOOTS,

## SHOES, ETC., ETC.

### THE BEST, LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF GOODS

—EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE—

### CAN NOW BE FOUND

—AT THE—

## Great Eastern IXL,

Commercial Row, next to Postoffice.....Reno, Nev.

### ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

### ONE PRICE ONLY!

H. MEYERSTEIN,.....Proprietor.

Ordered, That a Convention be held in the Court House at Reno, Saturday, May 1, 1880, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to represent Washoe county in the State Convention to be held at Austin, May 11, 1880.

Ordered, That the following shall be the apportionment of delegates to the County Convention:

Reno . . . . .	23	Pavington . . . . .	1
Glendale . . . . .	2	Wadsworth . . . . .	6
Brown's . . . . .	4	Franklin . . . . .	2
Vard . . . . .	3	Washoe . . . . .	2
Franktown . . . . .	3		

Ordered, That primaries be held on the 17th Day of April, 1880, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M., and that the Republicans of each precinct select their own Inspectors and Clerks.

Resolved, That the following list be required of each voter at the Primary election. That he support the Republican State ticket at the last general election or would have done so had he voted, and a pledge to support the nominees of the Chicago National Convention.

**N. MAKER, Chairman.**  
**H. W. BROWN, Secretary.** mr21



